## TM 9-4910-409-12

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY TECHNICAL MANUAL

OPERATOR AND ORGANIZATIONAL
MAINTENANCE MANUAL

(INCLUDING REPAIR PARTS
AND SPECIAL TOOL LISTS)

TESTER DIESEL FUEL INJECTOR
NOZZLE (BACHARACH INDUSTRIAL INSTRUMENT COMPANY
MODEL YFL) (4910-255-8641) WITH
CONNECTOR SET 44 (BACHARACH
PART NUMBER 65-275) (4910-955-5517)

AND CONNECTOR SET (ORD DWG
B11020498) (4910-955-5516)



HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
OCTOBER 1963

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Change No. 1

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Washington, D.C., 25 June 1973

Operator and Organizational Maintenance Manual (Including Repair Parts and Special Tool Lists)
TESTER, DIESEL FUEL INJECTOR NOZZLE
(BACHARACH INDUSTRIAL INSTRUMENT COMPANY MODEL YFL) (4910-255-8641)
WITH CONNECTOR SET 44 (BACHARACH PART NUMBER 65-275) (4910-955-5517)
AND CONNECTOR SET (ORD DWG B11020498) (4910-955-5516)

TM 9-4910-409-12, 29 October 1963, is changed as follows

Page 2. paragraph 1f is superseded as follows

1f. You can improve this manual by calling attention to errors and by recommending improvements using DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications) or by a letter and mailing direct to Commander, US Army Weapons Command, ATTN: AMSWE-MAS-SP, Rock Island IL 61201. A reply will be furnished direct to you.

Page 3. Add the following to paragraph 4: Parts included with the end item and considered as components of the end item configuration are listed in the following table:

Table 0. Components of the End Item

Components	Part No.	(FSCM)	Qty
CASE, CARRYING:	65-808	(05083)	1
CONNECTOR SET, FUEL INJECTOR	11020498	(05083)	1
CUP, COLLECTOR	65-317	(05083)	1
HOSE, PRESSURE, HIGH	65-284	(05083)	1

Page 22. Appendix II is superseded as follows:

# APPENDIX II BASIC ISSUE ITEMS LIST AND ITEMS TROOP INSTALLED OR AUTHORIZED LIST

The basic issue items and items troop installed or authorized lists are not applicable.

#### By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

#### CREIGHTON W. ABRAMS

General, United States Army Chief of Staff

#### Official:

#### **VERNE L. BOWERS**

Major General, United States Army The Adjutant General

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NG: State AG (3) USAR: None

For explanation of abbreviations used, see AR 310-50.

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Technical Manual
No. 9-4910-409-12

HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY WASHINGTON 25, D. C., 29 October 1963

OPERATOR AND ORGANIZATIONAL MAINTENANCE MANUAL (INCLUDING REPAIR PARTS AND SPECIAL TOOL LISTS)
TESTER, DIESEL FUEL INJECTOR NOZZLE
(BACHARACH INDUSTRIAL INSTRUMENT COMPANY
MODEL YFL) (4910-255-8641) WITH CONNECTOR SET 44
(BACHARACH PART NUMBER 65-275) (4910-955-5517)
AND CONNECTOR SET (ORD DWG B11020498)(4910-955-5516)

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#### CHAPTER 1

#### INTRODUCTION

#### Section I. GENERAL

#### 1. Scope

- a. This technical manual contains instructions on operation and maintenance of the diesel fuel injector nozzle tester for the operator and instructions for organizational maintenance of the nozzle tester by personnel of the using organization.
- b. Appendix I contains a list of current references, including supply manuals, forms, technical manuals, and other available publications applicable to the nozzle tester.
- c. Appendix II contains a list of equipment and tools which are required by the operator for operating and maintaining the nozzle tester.
- d. Appendix III contains the maintenance allocation chart for the nozzle tester listing all maintenance and repair operations authorized for all maintenance echelons.
- e. Appendix IV contains a list of repair parts which are required by the using organization for performing organizational maintenance on the nozzle tester.
- f. The direct reporting of errors, omissions and recommendations for improving this equipment manual by the individual user, is authorized and encouraged. DA Form 2028 will be used for reporting these improvements. This form may be completed using pencil, pen or typewriter. DA Form 2028 will be completed in triplicate and forwarded by the individual using the manual. The original and one copy will be forwarded direct to:

Commanding General

Headquarters, U. S. Army Weapons

Command

ATTN: AMSWE-SMM-TE

Rock Island Arsenal

Rock Island, Illinois 61202

One information copy will be provided to the individual's i m me d i a t e supervisor (e. g. officer, noncommissioned officer, supervisor, etc.).

#### 2. Maintenance Allocation

- a. Operator Maintenance Allocation. The prescribed maintenance to be performed by the operator will apply as reflected in the operator-maintenance (first echelon) column of the maintenance allocation chart (app. III). In all cases, where the nature of the repair, modification, or adjustment is beyond the scope or facilities of the operator, organizational-maintenance personnel should be informed so that trained personnel with suitable tools and equipment may be provided or other instructions issued.
- b. Organizational Maintenance Allocation. The prescribed maintenance to be performed by maintenance personnel of the using organization will apply as reflected in the organizational-maintenance (second echelon) column of the maintenance allocation chart (app. III). In all cases where the nature of the repair, modification, or adjustment is beyond the scope or facilities of the using organization, the supporting maintenance unit should be informed so that trained personnel with suitable tools and equipment may be provided or other instructions issued.

#### 3. Farms, Records, and Reports

a. General. Responsibility for the proper execution of forms, records, and reports rests upon the officers of all units maintaining this equipment. However, the value of accurate records must be fully appreciated by all persons responsible for their compilation, maintenance, and use, Records, reports, and authorized forms are normally utilized to indicate the type, quantity, and condition of materiel to be

inspected, to be repaired, or to be used in repair. Properly executed forms convey authorization and serve as records for repair or replacement of materiel in the hands of troops and for delivery of materiel requiring further repair to shops in arsenals, depots, etc. The forms, records, and reports establish the work required, the progress of the work within the shops, and the status of the materiel upon completion of its repair.

b. Authorized Forms. The forms generally applicable to units operating or maintaining this materiel are listed in appendix I. For a listing of all forms, refer to DA Pam 310-2. For instructions on use

of these forms, refer to FM 9-3 and TM 38-750.

c. Equipment Improvement Recommendations. Any deficiencies detected in the equipment covered herein which occur under the circumstances indicated in AR 750-5, should be immediately reported in accordance with the applicable instructions in cited regulation.

d. Field Report of Accidents. The report necessary to comply with the requirements of the Army safety program are prescribed in detail in AR 385-40. These reports are referenced whenever accidents involving injury to personnel or damage to materiel occur.

#### Section II. DESCRIPTION AND DATA

#### 4. Description

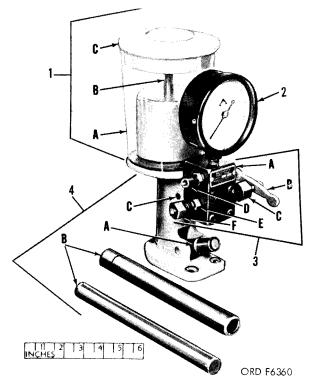
The nozzle tester (fig. 1) is an instrument used for analyzing and testing the accuracy of diesel engine injector nozzles for opening pressure, spray p a t t e r n, chatter, and leakage. It consists of a hydraulic pressure gage, fuel reservoir assembly, discharge block assembly, and body and plunger assembly. The fluid used for testing nozzles is contained in the fuel reservoir assembly. The flow of the fluid is maintained by the pressure developed through the action of the body and plunger assembly and is controlled by the discharge block assembly. The pressure developed during the various tests is indicated on the hydraulic pressure gage. The nozzle tester is contained in a metal carrying case with all necessary accessories, equipment, and instruction handbook.

#### 5. Data Plate

The nozzle tester has one data plate (3A, fig. 1) which is located on the discharge block assembly (3, fig, 1). This plate specifies the manufacturer's name, address, and code number.

#### 6. Tabulated Data

Manufacturer Ba	acharach Indus-
1	trial Instrument
	Company
Model Yl	
Length 12	2 in.
Width 10	) in.
Height 7-	
Cubage (w/equipment)	
Cubage (w/equipment) packaged 9	99 tuft
Weight (w/equipment)	
Weight (w/equipment) packaged	24lb



- l-Fuel reservoir assembly
  - A-Fuel reservoir
  - B-Center rod assembly
  - C-Fuel reservoir cover
- 2-Hydraulic pressure gage
- 3-Discharge block assembly
  - A-Data plate
  - B-Valve handle
  - C-Hydraulic pressure gage valve assembly
  - D-Upper discharge outlet
  - $E-Lower\ discharge\ outlet$
  - F-Cap nut assembly
- 4-Body and plunger assembly
  - A-Handle shoe
  - B-Pump handle assembly
  - C-Vent screw

Figure 1. Nozzle tester.

#### **CHAPTER 2**

#### **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

#### Section I. SERVICE UPON RECEIPT OF MATERIEL

#### 7. Purpose

a. When a new or reconditioned nozzle tester is first received, it is the responsibility of the officer in charge to determine whether the materiel has been properly prepared for service by the supplying organization and to be sure it is in condition to perform its function. For this purpose, inspect all assemblies and parts to be sure they are properly assembled, secured, cleaned, adjusted, and/or lubricated.

b. Make a record of any missing parts, tools, and/or equipment, and any malfunctions. Correct any deficiencies as quickly as possible.

#### 8. Services

a. Unpacking and Checking. Pry off the top of the exterior container and turn the container upside down letting the nozzle tester slide out of the container, Remove the barrier material enveloping the nozzle tester and all cushioning materials, seals, and wrappings from the case of the nozzle

tester, also, all equipment stored in the case. Check all equipment with the listing in appendix II to be sure every item is present and in good condition.

b. Cleaning. Remove all preserving materials and clean all parts of the nozzle tester, and equipment as prescribed in

paragraph 23.

*c. Lubrication.* The nozzle tester requires no lubrication.

d. Inspection.

- (1) Perform a general inspection of the nozzle tester to assure that all parts are properly and securely assembled and in good condition (par. 22 b).
- (2) Perform the preventive-maintenance services as prescribed in table I, paragraph 24.
- (3) Operate the nozzle tester (pars. 15 and 16) and check to see if the components are functioning properly by checking such items as hydraulic pressure gage, body and plunger assembly, etc.

#### Section II. CONTROLS, INSTRUMENTS, AND RELATED ITEMS

Note: The key numbers shown below in parentheses in this section refer to figure 1 except where otherwise indicated.

#### 9. General

This section describes, illustrates, and furnishes the operator with sufficient information pertaining to the various controls, instruments, and related items for the proper operation of the nozzle tester.

#### 10. Fuel Reservoir Assembly

The fuel reservoir (1A) contains the test fluid used to conduct tests when checking the performance of fuel injector nozzles; The fuel reservoir has a built in paper type filter element (2D, fig. 3). The test fluid is forced through the filter element by atmospheric pressure and pump suction.

## 11. Hydraulic Pressure Gage Valve Assembly

The hydraulic pressure gage valve assembly (3C) stops the flow of the test fluid to the hydraulic pressure gage. Turn the valve handle (3B) left to open and right to close.

#### 12. Hydraulic Pressure Gage

The hydraulic pressure gage (2) indicates the amount of pressure applied when testing the various types of nozzles. The dial has a range of O to 5,000 psi (pounds per square inch) and marked in increments of 50 psi.

#### 13. Pump Handle Assembly and Handle Shoe

The action of the pump handle assembly (4B) and handle shoe (4A) actuates the plunger built within the body and plunger assembly (4), and producing a hydraulic pressure which is recorded on the hydraulic pressure gage (2).

#### Section III. OPERATION

Note: The key numbers shown below in parentheses in this section refer to figure 1.

#### 14. General

This section contains instructions for the operation of the nozzle tester under conditions of moderate temperatures and humidity. Every organization equipped with this item must thoroughly train its personnel in the procedures for operating this item.

#### 15. Preparation for Operation

- a. Mount the nozzle tester (fig. 1) on a bench and secure with three 3/8-inch bolts, washers, and nuts. For portable use, mount on wooden or metal base 5 inches wide x 15 inches long. Use 3/4-inch plywood or l/2-inch sheet steel.
- b. Slide the pump handle assembly (4B) onto the handle shoe (4A) located in the base of the nozzle tester. Solid shaft in the pump handle assembly may be extended or telescoped, depending on 1 e v e r a g e required.
- c. Remove the fuel reservoir cover (IC) from the fuel reservoir (1A) with a combined twisting and pulling motion. Fill the fuel reservoir with test fluid and install the fuel reservoir cover.
- d. Open the valve handle (3B) and make several strokes with the pump handle assembly (4B) to prime the nozzle tester. Close the valve handle.

*Note.* A vent screw (4C) is located on the side of the housing behind the lower discharge outlet (3E) and can be opened for thorough venting and priming if necessary.

#### 16. Operation

a. Discharge Block Assembly. The dis-

charge block assembly (3) has two discharge outlets to facilitate the various tests. When nozzle under test is connected to lower discharge outlet (3E) and with hydraulic pressure gage valve assembly (3C) closed, this shuts off and protects the hydraulic pressure gage (2) during rapid and prolonged pumping periods when flushing nozzle or observing spray form. Using upper discharge outlet (3D) and closing hydraulic pressure gage valve assembly (3C) isolates hydraulic pressure gage (2) and the nozzle under test from the nozzle tester (fig. 1) permitting leakage rates or pressure drop measurement tests.

 $\it Note.$  Install and tighten cap nut assembly (3F) on discharge outlet not in use.

b. Mounting Instructions. Mount the fuel injector nozzle to be tested on the nozzle tester in accordance with the connecting instructions (fig. 2) using connector set 4910-955-5517 (1, fig. 6).

*Note.* Connector set 4910-955-5516 (2, fig. 6) is connected in a similar manner as connector set 4910-955-5517 (1, fig. 6).

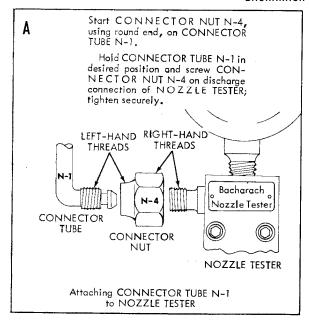
#### c. Testing Nozzles.

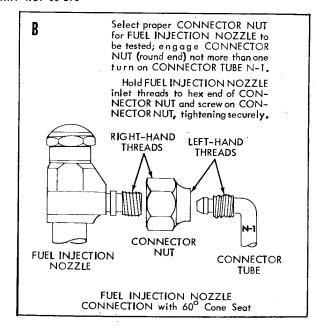
(1) General. For the v a r i o us tests, connect the nozzle to the discharge outlets, as prescribed in (2), (3), (4) and (5) below. Use the spray collector cup (2, fig. 5) for catching the test fluid. For best results, tip of nozzle should be well centered in the cup.

Warning: Be careful of the penetrating power of the atomized test fluid under pressure as it is sufficient to puncture the skin permitting test fluid to enter wound and

## CONNECTOR SET 44

BACHARACH PART NO. 65-275





THIS CONNECTOR SET CONTAINS:

	Connector Nuts				Connector Tube	Ermeto Adapter
No.	N-4 <b>(</b> 2 <b>)</b>	N-5	N-7	N-8	N-1	N-16
Size	12 × 1.5 MM	14 × 1.5 MM	9/16" × 18	5/8" x 18	60° Swaged Ends	Adapts tube for Ermeto Seat

This connector set, composed of the items listed above, simplifies test connection between the injector to be tested and the Bacharach Nozzle Tester. For proper use of the various fittings see detailed instructions for A, B, and C.

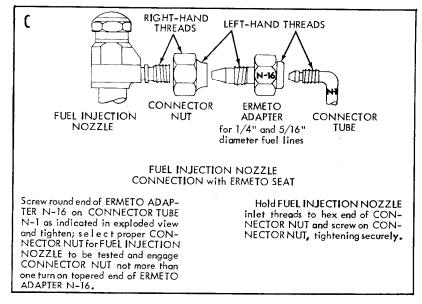


Figure 2. Connecting instructions.

ORD F6361

## may cause blood poisoning. Keep hands free of spray at all times.

- (2) Opening Pressure. Use lower discharge outlet (3E). Open the hydraulic pressure gage valve assembly (3C), operate the pump handle assembly (4B) slowly and, when nozzle begins to spray test fluid, observe the pressure indicated on the hydraulic pressure gage (2). This pressure should be compared with that specified by the engine manufacturer and nozzle adjusted, if necessary, before proceeding with further testing. Test should be repeated several times to be certain that nozzle consistently opens at the same pressure each time.
- (3) Spray Pattern. Use lower discharge outlet (3E). Close the hydraulic pressure gage valve assembly (3C) and operate the pump handle assembly (4B) at approximately 15 strokes per minute. Make sure that all spray holes are open and are spraying the same amount of test fluid. The spray formation should be sharp with a rather solid pattern and the angles formed by the individual sprays should be uniform. A missing section or uneven spray pattern indicates clogged or eroded orifices.

- Sample spray patterns are generally shown in the engine manual.
- (4) Chatter. Use lower discharge outlet (3E). Close the hydraulic pressure gage valve assembly (3C) and operate the pump handle assembly (4B) approximately two seconds. The nozzle chatter must be distinct and regular. A sharp pitch sound is not mandatory, and an occasional skip or variation in the chatter sound pitch is acceptable. When nozzle chatter is not satisfactory and does not improve with continued operation of the pump handle assembly, replace the nozzle.
- (5) Leakage. Use lower discharge outlet (3E). Open the hydraulic pressure gage valve assembly (3C) and opera t e pump handle assembly (4B). During prolonged pumping, drops of test fluid should not form at tip of the nozzle. A second check for leakage can be made by maintaining pressure just below opening pressure and checking for test fluid leakage from tip. If this test is to be used, reconnect nozzle to upper discharge outlet (3D) and close the hydraulic pressure gage valve assembly (3C) to time pressure drop. Some manufacturers specify permissible leakage rates.

#### CHAPTER 3

#### OPERATOR MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

#### Section I. REPAIR PARTS, TOOLS, AND EQUIPMENT

#### 17. General

Repair parts, tools, and equipment are issued to the operator for operating and maintaining the nozzle tester. Tools and equipment should not be used for Purposes other than prescribed and when not in use should be properly stored.

#### 18. Repair Parts

No repair parts are supplied to the operator for replacement of those already on the nozzle tester.

#### 19. Common Tools and Equipment

Common tools and equipment having general application to this materiel are authorized by tables of allowances and tables of organization and equipment.

#### 20. Special Tools and Equipment

No tools specially designed for operation or operator maintenance are supplied or required for the nozzle tester. Equipment supplied is listed in appendix II, which is the authority for requisitioning replacement.

#### Section II. LUBRICATION

#### 21. Lubrication

No lubrication is required on the nozzle tester.

#### Section III. PREVENTIVE-MAINTENANCE SERVICES

#### 22. General

a. Responsibility and Intervals. The primary function of preventive maintenance is to prevent breakdown and, therefore, the need for repair. These services consist generally of before operation and after-operation services performed by the operator. Intervals are based on normal operations, Reduce intervals for abnormal operations or severe conditions. Intervals during inactive periods may be extended accordingly.

b. Definition of Terms. The general inspection of each item applies also to any supporting member or connection and is generally a check to see whether the item is in good condition, correctly assembled, secure and not excessively worn:

(1) The inspection for "good condition"

is usually an external visual inspection to determine whether the unit is damaged beyond serviceable limits by the following not bent or twisted, not chafed or burred, not broken or cracked, not bare or frayed, not dented or collapsed, not torn or cut, not deteriorated.

- (2) The inspection of a unit to see that it is "correctly assembled" is usually an external visual inspection to see whether it is in its normal assembled position.
- (3) Inspection of a unit to determine if it is "secure" is usually an external visual examination or an examination by hand or wrench for looseness. Such an examination must include any brackets, lockwashers,

- lock nuts, locking wires, or cotter pins used.
- (4) By "excessively worn" is me ant worn beyond serviceable limits or to a point likely to result in failure if the unit is not replaced before the next scheduled inspection.

#### 23. Cleaning

- a.. General. Any special cleaning instructions required for specific components or parts are contained in the pertinent section. Cleaning instructions are as outlined in (1) and (2) below. General cleaning precautions are contained in b below.
  - (1) Metal parts.
    - (a) Use self-emulsifying decreasing solvent compound, mineral spirits paint thinner, or dry-cleaning solvent (Stoddard) to clean or wash grease or oil from all metal parts of the nozzle tester.
    - (b) Use clean water or a solution of either 1/4 pound of soap chips or six ounces of painted-surface detergent to one gallon of hot water for all parts and overall general cleaning of painted surfaces.
    - (c) After parts are clean, dry them thoroughly. Apply a light film of special preservative lubricating oil to all parts having a polished surface to prevent misting.
    - (d) Before installing new parts, remove any rust-preventive compound, protective grease, etc.
  - (2) Rubber Parts Other Than Electrical. Clean rubber parts with soap and warm water. Apply a coating of powdered technical talcum to preserve the rubber.

#### b. General Precautions in Cleaning.

(1) Self-emulsifying decreasing solvent compound, mineral spirits paint thinner, and dry-cleaning solvent are flammable and should not be used near an open flame. Fire extinguishers should be provided when these materials are used Use only in well-ventilated places. These cleaners evaporate

- quickly and have a drying effect on the skin. If used without gloves, they may cause cracks in the skin and, in the case of some individuals, a mild irritation or inflammation.
- (2) Avoid getting petroleum products, such as mineral spirits paint thinner, dry-cleaning solvent, engine fuels, or lubricants, on rubber parts, as they will deteriorate the rubber.
- (3) The use of Diesel fuel oil, gasoline, or benzene (benzol) for cleaning is prohibited.
- c. Rust Removal. Remove rust or corrosion from all parts of the materiel. To remove rust or corrosion from unfinished surfaces, use steel cleaning brushes or abrasive cloth. On finished surfaces, other than highly polished surfaces, remove rust or corrosion by buffing with a rotary wheel wire brush constructed of steel wire between 0.010 and 0.025 inch in diameter. Crocus cloth may be used manually to remove rust or corrosion from polished surfaces.

## 24. Operator's Preventive-Maintenance Services

- a. Purpose. To insure efficient operation, it is necessary that the nozzle tester be systematically inspected at intervals each day it is operated so defects may be discovered and corrected before they result in serious damage or failure. Certain scheduled maintenance services will be performed at these designated intervals. The correction of any defect or unsatisfactory operating characteristics beyond the scope of the operator must be reported at the earliest opportunity to organizational maintenance personnel for correction (pars. 33 through 41).
- b. Services. Operator's preventivemaintenance services are listed in table I. Every operator equipped with the nozzle tester must be thoroughly familiar with maintenance procedures for this materiel.

1st Ed	chelon	Dai	ly Schedule	1st	Ec	helon	Dai	ly Schedule
Interval & seq. No.				Interview.				
Before operation After operation	Item to be inspected	Procedure	Paragraph reference	Before operation	After operation	Item to be inspected	Procedure	Paragraph reference
1 7	Nozzle tester	& Clean hydraulic pressure gage by wiping dirt and other foreign mat- ter from ridges and surface of	Par. 23 see fig. 1		11	Equipment	quire refin- ishing. a. Wipe dirt or other foreign matter from inside and outside of	See fig. 5
2 8		gage face. b. Clean accumulation of dirt and other foreign matter from outside sur-	Par. 23 see fig. 3		12		carrying case. b. Straighten distorted or bent fasteners and aline with catches on cover of carrying case.	See fig. 5
3 9		face of the fuel reser- voir assem- bly. c. Clean the accu- mulation of	Par. 23	4	13		c. Clean accumu- lation of dirt and other foreign mat- ter from high	Par. 23 see fig. 5
		dirt and other foreign mat- ter from in- terior sur- faces of the  body and  plunger as- sembly at  point of han- dle entrance  in handle	see fig. 3		14		pressure hose. d. Clean accumulation of dirt and other foreign matter from all components of the connector sets and replace on the mounting plates.	See fig. 6
10		shoe. Inspect painted surfaces for chips, peeling, and other such defects. Notify organ- izational maintenance personnel if surfaces re-			16		e. Clean accumulation of dirt and other foreign matter from the spray collector cup. f. Store all equipment in carrying case,	Par. 23 see fig. 5 See fig. 5

#### Section IV. TROUBLESHOOTING

#### 25. Purpose

Troubleshooting is a systematic determination of malfunctions and defective components by indications, symptoms, and tests. Close adherence to the procedures covered herein will materially reduce the time required to locate trouble and restore the materiel to normal operation.

Caution: Operation of the nozzle tester with out preliminary examination can cause further damage to a disabled component. Be careful during inspection and troubleshooting, so that damage can be avoided.

#### 26. Scope

This section covers troubleshooting

which is peculiar to the operator's (first echelon) maintenance operations.

#### 27. Procedure

Malfunctions which may occur with the nozzle tester are listed in table II. Upon observing any one of these malfunctions, take immediate steps to locate and correct the cause. Causes are listed opposite each malfunction and are arranged according to the ease of correction.

Table II. Troubleshooting

Malfunction	Probable cause	Corrective action
1. Test fluid starvation.		a. Refer malfunc - tion to organization- al mainte- nance person- nel for correction.
2. Unable to build up hydraulic pressure on hydrau- lic pres- sure gage (2, fig. 1).	a. Hydraulic pressure gage not threaded tightly into discharge block sub-assembly  Gage valve assembly not threaded tightly into discharge block sub-assembly	a. Tighten hydrau- lic pressure gage farther into dis- charge block subassembly (fig. 4). b. Tighten gage valve assem - bly farther into discharge block sub- assembly (fig. 4).

Table II. Troubleshooting - Continued

Malfunction	Probable cause	Corrective action
	c. Socket head cap screws loose in discharge block sub- assembly.	c. Tighten socket head cap screws far- ther into dis- charge block sub-assembly (4, fig. 3).
	d. Loose connection to either the upper or lower discharge outlet (3-D, and 3-E, fig. 1) 01 cap nut assembly (3-F, fig. 1), not tight on discharge outlet not in use.	d. Tighten connection and cap nut assembly on discharge outlets.
	e. Other causes	e. Refer other causes to organization- al mainte- nance person- nel for correction.
3. Indications of test fluid leakage at plunger of body and plunger (1-A, fig. 3).		Refer malfunction to organization-al maintenance personnel for correction.

#### **CHAPTER 4**

#### ORGANIZATIONAL MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

#### Section I REPAIR PARTS, TOOLS, AND EQUIPMENT

#### 28. General

Repair parts, tools, and equipment over and above those available of the operator are supplied by the using organization for maintaining the nozzle tester. Tools and equipment should be properly stored when not in use.

#### 29. Repair Parts

Repair parts are supplied to the using organization for replacement of those parts most likely to become worn, broken, or otherwise unserviceable, provided that replacement of these parts is within the scope of organizational maintenance func-

tions. Repair parts supplied for organizational maintenance of the nozzle tester are listed in appendix IV.

#### 30. Common Tools and Equipment

Common tools and equipment having general application of this materiel are authorized by tables of allowances and tables of organization and equipment.

#### 31. Special Tools and Equipment

No tools or equipment specially designed for organizational maintenance are supplied or required for the nozzle tester.

#### Section II. PAINTING

#### 32. Painting

Instructions for the preparation of the materiel for painting, methods of painting,

as well as a list of materials to be used are contained in TM 9-213. Materials for painting are listed in appendix IV.

#### Section III. PREVENTIVE-MAINTENANCE SERVICE

#### 33. General

Refer to section III of chapter 3 for preventive-maintenance services for the operator. These instructions apply equally to maintenance personnel of the using organization.

## 34. Organizational Preventive-Maintenance Services

No further preventive-maintenance services beyond that prescribed for the operator is required of maintenance personnel of the using organization.

#### Section IV. TROUBLESHOOTING

#### 35. Purpose

Troubleshooting is a systematic determination of malfunctions and defective components by indications, symptoms, and tests. Close Adherence to the procedures

covered herein will materially reduce the time required to locate trouble and restore the materiel to normal operation.

Caution: Operation of materiel without a preliminary examination can cause fur-

ther damage to a disabled component. Be careful during inspection and troubleshooting, so that damage can be avoided.

#### 36. Scope

This section covers troubleshooting which is peculiar to organizational (second echelon) maintenance operations. For troubleshooting procedures performed by the operator, see paragraphs 25 through 27.

#### 37. Procedure

Malfunctions which may occur with the nozzle tester are listed in tables II and III. In effect, table III is the continuation of table II, paragraph 27. Causes are listed opposite each malfunction and are arranged according to the ease of correction.

Table III. Troubleshooting

Malfunction	Probable cause	Corrective action
1. Test fluid starvation	a. Filter element dirty or plugged up. b. Leaking Orings, seal, or gaskets of filter assembly. c. Other causes	a. Replace filter element (par. 39). b. Discard old O-rings, seal, or gaskets and replace with new parts (par. 39). c. Refer other causes to field mainte- nance e per-

Table III. Troubleshooting - Continued

Table II	i. Troubleshooting	- Commueu
Malfunction	Probable cause	Corrective action
2. Unable to build up hydraulic pressure on hydrau- lic pres- sure gage (2, fig. 1).  3. Indications of test fluid leak- age at plunger of body and plunger (l-A, fig.	a. Defective gasket on gage valve assembly. b. Dirt accumulation in discharge block assembly. c. Defective valve gasket or Oring in discharge block assembly. d. Scratched or scored valve seat. e. Defective hydraulic pressure gage. f. Other causes	sonnel for correction.  a. Discard old gasket and replace with new gasket (par. 41).  b. Clean dirt from discharge block assembly (2, fig. 4).  c. Discard old valve gasket and O-ring and replace with new gasket and O-ring (par. 41).  d. Replace valve seat (par. 41).  e. Replace with new hydraulic pressure gage (par. 41).  f. Refer other causes to field maintenance personnel for correction.  Refer malfunction to field maintenance personnel for correction.
3).		

#### Section V. FUEL RESERVOIR ASSEMBLY

Note. The key numbers shown below in parentheses in this section refer to figure 3.

#### 38. Description

The fuel reservoir assembly (2) is mounted on t o p of the body and plunger assembly (1) and consists primarily of a reservoir (2B), cover (2J), center rod assembly (2G), and filter element (2D). The reservoir assembly can be removed from the body and plunger assembly by taking the cover off the reservoir and unscrewing the center rod assembly. Test fluid used for testing the performance of fuel injector nozzles is stored in the reser-

voir. The fluid is forced through the filter element to remove impurities.

#### 39. Maintenance

a. General. Organizational personnel has the authorization for the complete maintenance of the fuel reservoir assembly to the extent of removing, disassembling for inspection and replacement of all unserviceable components, and the final steps of assembling and installing the assembly.

b. Disassembly. Remove the cover (2J) from the reservoir (2B) by using a combined twisting and pulling motion. Unscrew the center rod assembly (2G) from the body and plunger assembly (1) and remove the O-ring (2H). Slide the filter element (2D), filter washer (2E), and filter spring (2F) off the center rod assembly (2G). Remove the upper and lower filter gaskets (2C) from the filter element. Remove the reservoir (2B) from the body and plunger assembly (1) and the seal (2A) from the reservoir.

c. Cleaning. Clean the parts thoroughly with an appropriate solvent (par. 23).

d. Inspection and Repair.

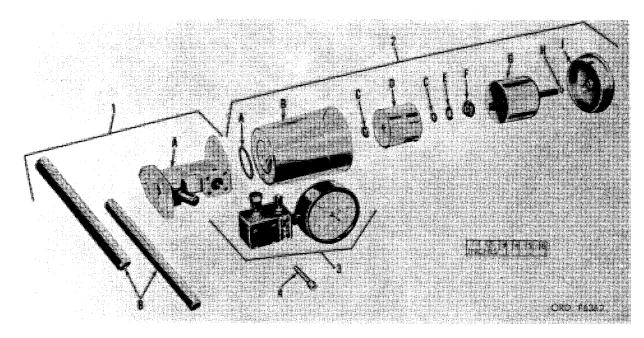
(1) inspect the cover (2J), O-ring (2H), reservoir (2B), center rod assembly (2G), filter spring (2F), filter washer (2E), upper and lower

gaskets (2C), and seal (2A) for being in good condition (par. 22b).

(2) Replace with new, the filter element (2D) and all other parts determined not in good condition.

e. Assembly. Install the seal (2A) on the bottom of the reservoir (2B) and mount the reservoir on top of the body and plunger assembly (1). Slide the filter spring (2F), filter washer (2 E), and O-ring (2H) onto the center rod assembly (2G). Place the upper and lower gaskets (2C) on the filter element (2D) and slide the filter element onto the center rod assembly (2G). Screw the center rod assembly into the body and plunger assembly (1). Install the cover (2J) on the reservoir (2B).

Note. One end of the filter element is red and marked "top". Be sure the element is installed with this end in the upward position.



- 1 Body and plunger assembly A-Body and plunger B-Handle
- 2 Fuel reservoir assembly
  - A Seal
  - B Reservoir
  - C Upper and lower gasket D Filter element

- E Filter washer
- F Filter spring
- G Center rod assembly
- H O-ring
- J Cover
- Discharge block assembly and hydraulic pressure gage
- Socket head cap screw

Figure 3. Fuel reservoir assembly,

#### Section VI. DISCHARGE BLOCK ASSEMBLY AND HYDRAULIC PRESSURE GAGE

 $\it Note.$  The key numbers shown below in parentheses in this section refer to figure 4 except where otherwise indicated."

#### 40. Description

The discharge block assembly and hydraulic pressure gage (3, fig. 3) is mounted on the front of the body and plunger assembly (1, fig. 3) and can be removed by unscrewing four socket head cap screws (4, fig. 3). It consists primarily of a cap nut assembly (2E), discharge block subassembly (2F), gage valve assembly (2H) with handle (2J), filler rod assembly (2B), valve seat (2C), and hydraulic pressure gage (1). The flow of test fluid from the reservoir assembly (2, fig. 3) is controlled by the discharge block assembly by opening and closing the gage valve assembly (2H).

#### 41. Maintenance

a. General. Organizational personnel has the authorization for the complete maintenance of the discharge block assembly and hydraulic pressure gage to the extent of removing, disassembling for inspection and replacement of all unserviceable components, and the final steps of assembling and installing the assembly and gage.

h. Removal. Unscrew the four socket head cap screws (4, fig. 3) and remove the discharge block assembly and hydraulic pressure gage (3, fig. 3) from the body and plunger assembly (1, fig. 3).

c. Disassembly. Remove the hydraulic pressure gage (1) by unscrewing it from the discharge block sub-assembly (2F). Unscrew the gage valve assembly (2H) with handle (2J) and remove the gasket (2G). Remove the cap nut assembly (2E), valve gaskets (2A), filler rod assembly (2B), and valve seat (2C) from the discharge block sub-assembly (2F). Remove the valve O-ring (2D) from the valve seat (2C).

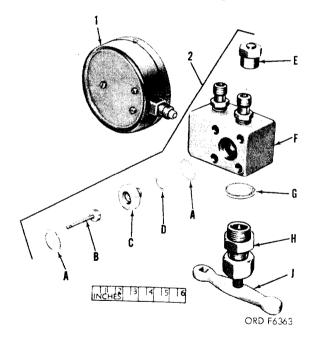
d. Cleaning. Clean the parts thoroughly with an appropriate solvent (par. 23).

e. Inspection and Repair.

- (1) Inspect the filler rod assembly (2B), valve seat (2C), gaskets (2A and 2G), cap nut assembly (2 E), and gage valve assembly (2H) for being in good condition (par. 22b).
- (2) Replace with new the valve O-ring

(2D) and all other parts determined not in good condition.

f. Assembly. Screw the cap nut assembly (2E) onto the discharge block subassembly (2 F). Place the valve O-ring (2D) on the valve seat (2C). Install the valve gasket (2A), valve seat (2C), filler rod assembly (2B) and valve gasket (2A) in the discharge block sub-assembly (2F). Place the gasket (2G) on the gage valve assembly (2H) and screw the gage valve assembly into the discharge block subassembly. Screw the hydraulic pressure gage (1) into the discharge block subassembly. Install the discharge block assembly and hydraulic pressure gage (3, fig. 3) on the body and plunger assembly (1, fig. 3) and secure in place with the four socket head cap screws (4, fig. 3).



1-Hydraulic pressure gage 2-Discharge block assembly

A-Valve gasket

B-Filler rod assembly

C-Valve seat

D-Valve O-ring

E-Cap nut assembly

F-Discharge block sub-assembly

G-Gasket

H-Gage valve assembly

J-Handle

Figure 4.. Discharge block assembly and hydraulic pressure gage.

#### CHAPTER 5

## SHIPMENT AND ADMINISTRATIVE STORAGE AND DEMOLITION TO PREVENT ENEMY USE

#### Section I. SHIPMENT AND ADMINISTRATIVE STORAGE

#### 42. Shipping Instructions

- a. Responsibility. When shipping the nozzle tester, the unit commander will be responsible for shipping the materiel, including all tools and equipment, adequately processed, packaged, and packed to protect it from damage until it reaches the echelon of maintenance for required repairs; or, in the case of troop movement, reaches its destination in a serviceable condition.
- *b. Army Shipping Documents.* Prepare all army shipping documents in accordance with AR 725-50.
- c. Preparation for Shipment. When the nozzle tester is removed from administrative storage for shipment it need not be reprocessed unless inspection reveals it to be inadequately preserved, or when it is necessary because of anticipated intransit weather or shipping conditions. Preservatives must not be removed or disturbed, except as necessary, to insure that the nozzle tester is complete and serviceable. If preservatives are removed, they must be restored prior to shipment.

## 43. Preservation, Packaging, Pocking, and Marking Instructions.

- a. Preservation and Packaging. Preservation of the nozzle tester must be sufficient to protect it against deterioration and damage during shipment and administrative storage and/or the subsequent interval prior to use. Under no condition will tools and equipment with critical surfaces be packaged without benefit of sufficient preservation to assure adequate protection (TM 9-200). Preservation and packaging must be compatible with end use requirements.
- b. Packing. Packed items must be acceptable to the carrier, while affording adequate protection to the items during

shipment and administrative storage and/ or the subsequent interval prior to use.

c. *Marking*. All materiel will be marked in accordance with TM 9-200.

#### 44. Administrative Storage

#### a. General.

- (1) Unit commander? may, with the approval of major commanders, place the nozzle tester in administrative storage or return to supply agencies equipment that is beyond the maintenance capability of the unit. Nozzle testers must be stored in the most favorable 10 cation available, preferable one which affords protection from exposure to elements and pilferage.
- (2) All nozzle testers in administrative storage must be maintained so that they will be ready for immediate use and/or ready for shipment.
- (3) Administrative storage is restricted to a period of 90 days and must not be extended unless the nozzle tester is reprocessed.

#### b. Storage Procedures.

- (1) Perform a quarterly preventivemaintenance (PM) service on the nozzle tester. This maintenance will consist of inspecting, cleaning, servicing, and preserving, as required, and will also include minor repair parts replacement (if required) not requiring highly technical skills or expensive, complicated, or bulky test equipment or tools.
- (2) Provide access to the nozzle tester to p e r m i t inspection, servicing, and removal from storage.
- (3) Mark the nozzle tester "Administrative Storage" (by use of tags or

other convenient method). The noz zle tester so marked must not be operated while in this category.

c. Inspection in Administrative Storage. Visual inspection of the nozzle tester in administrative storage must be conducted at least once each month to detect corrosion and rust, When corrosion and rust are found, corrective action must be taken immediately. A record of these inspections must be maintained for each nozzle tester in administrative storage. The records must be attached to the nozzle tester in such a manner as to protect it from the elements.

#### Section II. DEMOLITION OF MATERIEL TO PREVENT ENEMY USE

#### 45. General

a. Destruction of the nozzle tester, when subject to capture or abandonment in the combat zone, will be undertaken by the using army only when, in the judgment of the unit commander concerned, such action is necessary in accordance with orders of, or policy established by, the army commander. When in the hands of maintenance personnel or in storage, destruction will be in accordance with FM 9-5 and the information below, when applicable.

b. The information which follows is for guidance only. Certain phases of the procedures outlined require the use of explosives and incendiary grenades which normally may not be authorized items of issue to the using organization. The issue of these and related materials and the conditions under which destruction will be effected are command decisions in each case, according to the tactical situation. Of the several means of destruction, those most generally applicable are:

Mechanical . . . . Requires axe, pick mattock, sledge, crowbar, or similar implement.

Burning . . . . . Requires gasoline, oil, incendiary grenades, or other flammables, welding or cutting torch.

Disposal . . . . . Requires burying in the ground, dumping in streams or marshes, or scattering so widely as to preclude recovery of essential parts.

\*Demolition . . . Requires suitable explosive or ammunition.

\*Gunfire . . . . , Includes artillery, machine guns, rifles using rifle grenades, and launchers using antitank rockets. U n de r some circumstances, hand grenades may be used.

In general, destruction of essential parts, followed by burning, will usually be sufficient to render the material useless. However, selection of the particular method of destruction requires imagination and resourcefulness in the utilization of the facilities at hand under the existing conditions. Time is critical.

c. If destruction to prevent enemy use is resorted to, the materiel must be so badly damaged that it cannot be restored to a usable condition in the combat zone either by repair or cannibalization. Adequate destruction required that all parts essential to the operation of the materiel be destroyed or damaged beyond repair. However, when lack of time and personnel prevents destruction of all parts, priority is given to the destruction of those parts most difficult to replace. Equally important, the same essential parts must be destroyed on all like materiel, so that the enemy cannot construct one complete unit from several damaged ones.

d. If destruction by demolition or gunfire is directed, due consideration should be given to the observance of appropriate safety precautions.

<sup>\*</sup>Generally applicable only when nozzle tester is to be destroyed in conjunction with other equipment.

#### 46. Destruction of the Nozzle Tester

- a. Method No. 1 Destruction by Mechanical Means.
  - (1) Open the carrying case and remove the nozzle tester, connector sets, hose, and spray collector cup.
  - (2) Using an axe, pick mattox, sledge, or any other heavy implement, destroy the nozzle tester by smashing the body casting, fluid reservoir, and hydraulic gage,

(3) Destroy the carrying case and spray collector cup by smashing. Cut the hose in short lengths, and scatter the connector sets. Elapsed time: about 2 minutes.

b. Method No. 2- Destruction by Burning,

(1) Open the carrying case and remove the nozzle tester, connector sets, hose, and spray collector cup.

(2) Using a welding or cutting torch, burn through the body casting, fluid reservoir, hydraulic gage, carry-

ing case, spray collector cup, hose, and connector sets.

(3) In the absence of a welding or cutting torch, place piles of combustible materiel on and about the nozzle tester. Pour gasoline or oil over the combustible materiel and the nozzle tester, ignite by means of an incendiary grenade fired from a safe distance, by a combustible train of suitable length, or other appropriate means. Take c o v e r immediately. A hot fire is required to render the materiel useless. Elapsed time: about 4 minutes.

Warning: When igniting gasoline, due consideration should be given to the highly flammable nature of gasoline and its vapor. Carelessness in its use may result in fatal or painful burns.

c. Method No. 3- Destruction by Disposal. Bury the nozzle tester in a suitable hole or throw it into a stream.

Elapsed time: about 2 minutes.

#### APPENDIX I

#### REFERENCES

#### 1. General

a. Military Publications. The packaging publications listed herein are available to activities requiring such publications. Forward requests for Military Specifications to Naval Supply Depot, 5801 Tab or Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Requisition technical manuals, technical bulletins, supply bulletins, and other publications indexed in 310 series DA pamphlets in accordance with AR 310-1.

b. Commercial Publications. Commercial publications listed herein may be obtained from the following addresses: Uniform Freight Classification Rule and Containers Specifications for Rail Shipment; Uniform Classification Committee, 202 Union Station, Chicago 6, Illinois; National Motor Freight Classification Rules and Container Specifications for Truck Shipment; American Trucking Association, 1424 16th Street, N. W.,

Washington 6, D.C.

#### 2. Army Regulations

Issue of Supplies and Equipment: Requisitioning, Receipt, AR 725-50
and Issue System.
Logistics (General): Report of Damaged or Improper Shipment AR 700-58
Maintenance of Supplies and Equipment: Organizational AR 750-5
Policies, and Responsibilities for Maintenance Operations.
Military Publications: General Policies
Safety: Accident Reporting and Records

#### 3. Publications Indexes

The following publications indexes should be consulted frequently for latest changes or revisions of references given in this appendix and for new publications relating to materiel covered in this manual.

Index of Army Motion Pictures, Film St	Strips, Slides	DA Pam 108-1
and Phono-Recordings.	•	

Military publications:

Index-of Administrative Publications	310-1
Index of Blank Forms	310-2
Index of Graphic Training Aids and Devices DA Pam	310-5
Index of Technical Manuals, Technical Bulletins, DA Pam	310-4
Supply Bulletins, Lubrication Orders, and Modification Work	
Orders.	
Index of Training Publications	310-3

#### 4. Field Manuals

Explosives and Demolition	M 5-25
Ordnance Direct Service Report	<sup>7</sup> M 9-3
Ordnance Ammunition Service	M 9-5
Military Training	M 21-5
Techniques of Military Instructions	M 21-6

#### 5. Forms

The following forms pertain to this materiel:

DA Form 468, Unsatisfactory Equipment Report.

DA Form 1115, Property Turn/In Tag (tag),

DA Form 2028, Recommended Changes to DA Technical Manual Parts List or Supply Manual 7, 8, or 9 (cut sheet).

DD Form 6, Report of Damaged or Improper Shipment (cut sheet).

DD Form 250, Materiel Inspection and Receiving Report.

DD Form 1149, Requisition and Invoice/Shipping Document (cut sheet).

DD Form 1348, DOD Single Line Item Requisition System Document (Manual).

#### 6. Other Publications

a. General.

Dictionary of United States Army Terms	AR 320-5-1
Military Symbols	FM 21-30/AFM
Military Terms, Abbreviations, and Symbols: Authorized ,	AR 320-5
Abbreviations and Brevity Codes.	TIM 00 750
The Army Equipment Record System and Procedures	TM 38-750
b. Cleaning.	D C 400
Cleaning Compound, Alkali Type	P-C-436
Cleaning Compound, Solvent and Self-Emulsifying	MIL-3-11090 D C 421
Cleaning Compound, Synthetic Detergent, Nonabrasive, All-Purpose.	P-C-431
General Packing Instructions for Ordnance General Supplies	TM 0 200
Material Used for Cleaning, Preserving, Abrading, and	TM 0 247
Cementing Ordnance Materiel; and Related Materials	1W1 3-247
Including Chemicals.	
Rag, Wiping, Cotton, Sterilized, Undyed, Class 1 or 2	DDD-R-30
Solvent, Dry Cleaning,	P-S-661
c. Paint Remover.	1 2 001
Remover, Paint (alkali type)	.TT-R-230
Remover, Paint and Varnish (Alkali Organic-Solvent Type)	MIL-R-12294
d. Painting.	
Enamel, Gloss, Synthetic (for Exterior and Interior Surfaces)	. TT-E-489
Painting Instructions for Field Use	TM 9-213
Primer Coating, Synthetic, Rust Inhibiting, Lacquer-Resisting	. TT-P-664
e. Packaging	
Barrier Material, Paper, Noncorrosive	MIL-B-130
Barrier Material, Water Vaporproof, Flexible	MIL-B-131
Boxes, Fiber	PPP-B-636
Cushioning Material, Cellulosic	. PPP-C-843
Desiccants, Activated, Bagged, Packaging Use and	. MIL-D-3464
Static Dehumidification.	DDD T 70
Tape, Pressure Sensitive Adhesive, Paper, Water-Resistant	. PPP-1-70
f. Shipping and Storage.  National Motor Freight Classification Rules and Container	
Specifications for Truck Shipments.	
Protection of Ordnance General Supplies in Open Storage	TM 0 244
Uniform Freight Classification Rules and Container	11V1 J-644
Specifications for Rail Shipments.	
-Promotions for their surprisons.	

55-3

#### **APPENDIX II**

#### BASIC ISSUE ITEMS LIST

#### Section I. PREFACE

#### 1. General

This appendix is a list of basic issue list items. It is composed of those items which make up the major end items of equipment and the first echelon tools, supplies, assemblies, and repair parts that are issued with the equipment and are required for stockage.

#### 2. Requisition Notes

See appendix IV, paragraph 2.

#### 3. Explanation of Columns

- a. Source, Maintenance, and Recoverability Code (Col. 1).
  - (1) Material numerical codes (col. 1a). This column indicates the responsible commodity command for the materiel. The commodity command responsible for supply of items in this list are:

Code Type Materiel 9 Ordnance Materiel

(2) *Source (col. lb).* This column indicates the selection status and source for the listed item. Source codes used in this list are:

Code Explanation
C Obtain through local procurement. If
not obtainable from local procurement, requisition through normal
supply channels with a supporting
statement of nonavailability from
local procurement.

(3) Maintenance level (col. 1c). This column indicates the lowest maintenance echelon authorized to install the listed item. Maintenance level codes used in this list are:

Code Explanation
O Organizational maintenance (lst and 2d echelon).

(4) Recoverability (col. 1d). This col-

umn indicates whether unserviceable items should be returned for recovery or salvage. When no code is indicated, the item will be considered expendable. Recoverability codes used in this list are:

Code Explanation

R Items which are economically repairable at field maintenance activities (3d and 4th echelon) and are normally furnished by supply on an exchange basis.

- b. Federal Stock Number (Col. 2). This column indicates the Federal stock number which has been assigned by the Cataloging Division, Defense Logistics Services Center.
- c. Description (Col. 3). This column indicates the Federal item name (shown in capital letters) and any additional description required for supply operations. The manufacturer's code and part number is also included for reference.

Code Explanation
05083 Bacharach Industrial Instrument
Company

- *d. Unit of Issue (Col. 4).* This column indicates the quantity to be requisitioned.
- e. *Quantify Authorized (Col. 5).* This column indicates the quantity of the listed item authorized for stockage to constitute the prescribed load.
- f. Illustration (Col.. 6). This column indicates the figure number of the illustration that depicts the listed item. When more than one item appears on an illustration, the item number is also indicated.

#### 4. Special Information

Repair parts and special tools required for organizational maintenance of the nozzle tester are listed in appendix IV of this manual.

#### 5. Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Explanation
dwg	drawing(s)
ea	each
no	number(s)
Ord	Ordinance

#### 6. Suggestions and Recommendations

The direct reporting of errors, omissions and recommendations for improving this technical manual by the individual user, is authorized and encouraged, DA Form 2028 will be used for reporting these improvements. This form may be com-

pleted using pencil, pen or typewriter. DA Form 2028 will be completed in triplicate and forwarded by the individual using the manual. The original and one copy will be forwarded direct to:

Commanding General

Headquarters, U. S. Army Weapons

Command

ATTN: AMSWE-SMM-TE

Rock Island Arsenal

Rock Island, Illinois, 61202

One information copy will be provided to the individual's i m m e d i at e supervisor (e.g., officer, noncommissioned officer, supervisor, etc.).

#### Section II. BASIC ISSUE ITEMS

	(1	1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(1	6)
	Sou maintens ecoverab							Illust	ration
(a)	(b)	nance ()	Recoverability &	Federal stock No.	Description	Unit of issue	Quantity authorized	(a)	( <i>p</i> )
Material code	Source	Maintenance level	Recove	Unit of	Quantil	Figure 1	Item No.		
9			R	1910-255-8641	TESTER, DIESEL FUEL INJECTOR NOZ- ZLE: (05083:YFL).	ea		1	-
					None authorized.				
					REPAIR PARTS				
					None authorized.				
					TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT:				
					TOOLS				
					None authorized.				
					EQUIPMENT				
9 9 9	C C C	0 0 0			CASE, CARRYING: (05083:65-808) CUP, COLLECTOR: (05083:65-317) HOSE, PRESSURE, HIGH: (05083:65-284)	ea ea ea	1 1 1	5 5 5	$\begin{array}{c c} 1\\2\\3\end{array}$
					The following equipment used in conjunction with the nozzle tester is to be requisitioned on an "as required" basis. (FSN's 4910-955-5517 and 4910-955-5516)				
9	C	0		1910-955-5517	CONNECTOR SET, FUEL INJECTOR:	set	1	6	1
9	С	0		<del>1</del> 910 <b>-</b> 955-5516	(05083:65-275)(see applicable TM's). CONNECTOR SET, FUEL INJECTOR: (Ord dwg no. B11020498)(for LDS-427 and 1790 series Continental Engines and others. See applicable TM's).	set	1	6	2

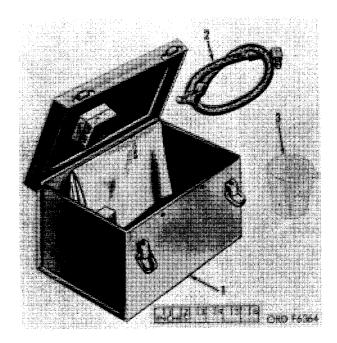


Figure 5. Equipment

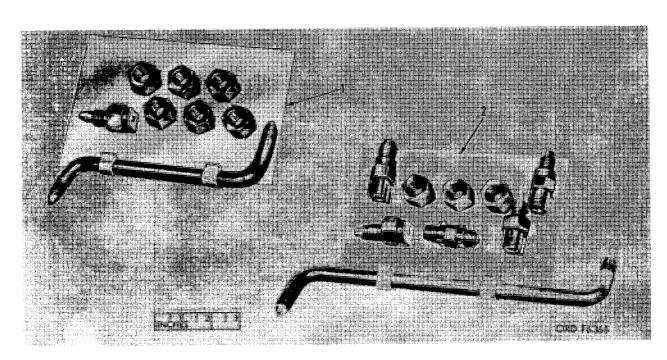


Figure 6. Equipment

#### APPENDIX III

#### MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART

**REPAIR** 

**REBUILD** 

#### 1. Purpose

The maintenance allocation chart allocates specific maintenance operation to the proper level.

#### 2. Basis

Allocation of maintenance operations is made on the basis of time, tools, and skills normally available to the various echelons in a combat situation and influenced by maintenance policy and sound maintenance practices as outlined in AR 750-5.

#### 3. Explanation and Definitions

The maintenance allocation chart designates overall responsibility for the maintenance function of an end item or assembly. Repair and/or rebuild of major assemblies is designated by authority of the Army Commander representative, except for the specific subfunctions listed in the maintenance allocation chart. Deviations from maintenance operations allocated to the maintenance allocation chart is authorized only upon approval by the Army Commander representative.

To clean, to preserve, and **SERVICE** to replenish fuel and lubricants.

**ADJUST** To prevent or correct malfunction by maintaining prescribed limits or by bringing into proper or exact position.

To verify serviceability and **INSPECT** to detect incipient electri-

> cal or mechanical failure by scrutiny.

**TEST** To verify serviceability and to detect incipient electrical or mechanical failure by use of special equipment such as gages, meters, etc.

To substitute servicea-**REPLACE** ble assemblies, sub-assemblies, and parts for unserviceable components.

To restore to a serviceable condition by replacing unserviceable parts, or by any other action required; utilizing tools, equipment, and skills available to include w e 1 d i n g, riveting, straightening, adjust-

ing, etc.

To restore to a condition comparable to new by disassembling the item to determine the condition of each of its component parts and reassembling it using serviceable. rebuilt. new assemblies, subassemblies, and parts.

SYMBOL X The symbol X placed in the appropriate column indicates the echelon sponsible for performing that particular maintenance operation but does not necessarily indicate that repair parts will be stocked at that level. Echelons higher than the echelon marked by X are authorized to perform the indicated operation.

#### Maintenance A llocation Chart for Tester, Diesel Fuel Injector Nozzle

	,					
(1) Grp No.	(2) Component and Related Operations	(3) Ist	(4) 2nd	(5) ird	(6) 1th	(7) 5th
2	Tester, Nozzle: Service	x x x x	x	x		x

(1) GrP	(2) Component and Related	(3)	(4)	(5)	6)	(7)
No.	Operations	lst	2nd	3rd	th	5th
		<del> </del> —				
3	Discharge Block Assembly					
	Service	х				
	Inspect	х				
	Repair		х			
4	Fuel Reservoir Assembly					
	Service	x				
	Inspect	х				
	Repair		х			
5	Hydraulic Pressure Gage					
	Service	X				
	Inspect	X				
	Repair		X			

#### APPENDIX IV

#### REPAIR PARTS AND SPECIAL TOOL LISTS

#### Section I PREFACE

#### 1. General

a. This appendix is a list of repair parts which may be required by the using organization for performing organizational maintenance but are not authorized to be stocked. These items are to be requisitioned as required for immediate use only.

b. For prices of items of Ordnance materiel, see the appropriate supply manual of the SM 9-2 series. Prices of items that are the responsibility of other commodity commands may be obtained from the appropriate type 2 supply manuals for those commands.

c. Additional applications of items in this manual are listed in the supply manuals of the SM 9-3 series.

#### 2. Requisition Notes

- a. Repair Part Identified by Federal Stock Number.
  - (1) If the exact item requisitioned is not furnished, or if other action is necessary, the exact nature of the action taken by the commodity command will be indicated by standard symbols on prescribed forms.
  - (2) When requisitioning an item, the requesting agency will order the *listed* item. However, the commodity command will take necessary action to issue the exhaust stock item until stock is exhausted, whether it be an individual item, kit, set, or assembly.
  - (3) Requisition for replacement of items that are the responsibility of commodity commands will be submitted to the commodity command indicated in column 1a, Materiel Code Number.
  - b. Part to which FSN has not been as-

signed. When requisitioning a C source (local procurement) item identified only by a manufacturer's part number, it is mandatory that the following information be furnished the supply officer:

- (1) Manufacturer's code number (5 digit number preceding the colon in the descriptive column).
- (2) Manufacturer's part number (the number, and sometimes letters, following the colon, (1) above). Dashes, commas, or other marks must be included exactly as listed.
- (3) Noun name and dimensions, if necessary.
- (4) Name of manufacturer of end item (from cover of TM or manufacturer's name plate).
- (5) Federal stock number of end item (from TM).
- (6) Manufacturer's model n umber (from TM or name/data plate, preferably name/data plate).
- (7) Manufacturer's serial number (from name/data plate).
- (8) Any other information such as type, frame number, and electrical characteristics, if applicable.
- (9) If DD Form 1348 is used, fill in all blocks except 4, 5, 6, and Remarks field in accordance with AR 725-50. Complete form as follows:
  - (a) In blocks 4, 5, and 6, list manufacturer's code, and manufacturer's part number (as listed in description column).
  - (b) In Remarks field, list noun name (repair part), end item application (FSN of end item), manufacturer, model number (end item), serial number (end item), and any other pertinent information such as frame number, type, etc.

#### 3. Explanation of Columns

a. Source, Maintenance, and Recover-

ability Code (Col. 1).

(1) Materiel Numerical Codes (col. 1a). This column indicates the responsibility commodity command for the materiel. The commodity command responsible for supply of items in this list are:

Code	Type materiel
3	Chemical Materiel
5	Engineers Materiel
9	Ordnance Materiel
10	Quartermaster Materiel

(2) Source (col. 1b). This column indicates the selection status and source for the listed item. Source codes used in this list are:

Code Explanation
C Obtain through local procurement. If
not obtainable from local procurement, requisition through normal
supply channels with a supporting
statement of nonavailability from

(3) Maintenance level (col. 1c). This column indicates the maintenance echelon authorized to install the listed item. Maintenance level codes used in this list are:

local procurement,

Code Explanation
O Organizational maintenance (lst and 2d echelon).

(4) Recoverability (col. 1d). This column indicates whether unserviceable items should be returned for recovery or salvage. When no code is indicated, the item will be considered expendable.

b. Federal Stock Number (Col. 2). This column indicates the Federal stock number which has been assigned by the Cataloging Division, Defense Logistics Services Center.

c. Description (Col. 3). This column indicates the Federal item name (shown in capital letters) and any additional description required for supply operations. The manufacturer's code and part number is also included for reference.

Code Explanation
05083 Bacharach Industrial Instrument
Company

- *d. Unit of Issue (Col. 4).* This column indicates the quantity to be requisitioned.
- e. Quantity Incorporated in Unit (Col. 5). This column indicates the total number of times the listed item is used in the end item (major item) or major combination. Where no quantity is shown, reference should be made to the first appearance of the item as indicated in the "description" column.

f. 15-Day Maintenance Allowance (Col. 6). This column indicates the quantitative allowance for second echelon of the listed items. These allowances represent one prescribed load, for a 15-day period, for the number of major items supported. They must be on hand or on order at all times. Major commanders will determine the number of prescribed loads second echelon units will carry. Units and organizations authorized additional prescribed loads will multiply the number of equipments supported by the number of prescribed loads. Additional repair parts which may be required for performing authorized maintenance, but are not authorized for stockage in the prescribed load, are indicated by an asterisk (\*). These items are to be requisitioned as required for immediate use only. Where no quantity is shown, reference should be made to the first appearance of the item as indicated in the "description" column.

 $\it Note.$  The 15-day level is not applicable to special tools for organizational maintenance.

g. Illustration (Col. 7). This column indicates the figure number of the illustration that depicts the listed item. When more than one item appears on an illustration, the item number is also indicated.

#### 4. Special Information

Basic issue items are listed in appendix II of this manual.

#### 5. Abbreviations and Symbols

a. Abbreviations.

Abbreviation		Explanation
assy		•
cntr		container
deg		degree(s)
dr		drum

Abbreviation	Explanation
ea	each
F	Fahrenheit
Fed	Federal
fl	
ga	gage
gal	gallon(s)
hex	
hr	
in	
lb	pound
lg	length (long)
it	lightweight)
max	
ML	
min , ,	minute
mtl ,	metal
no	number
od	outside diameter
oz. , ,	ounce(s)
pt	point
qt	quart(s)
ro	roll
sq	square
thk	
$w  \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots$	wide, width
w/	with
ye	yard(s)

b.	Symbols.
$\nu$ .	Dymoots.

Symbols											Exp	lanati	ion							
<b>≠</b>																		as	requi	red
*																		see	par.	3f

#### 6. Suggestions and Recommendations

The direct reporting of errors, omissions and recommendations for improving this technical manual by the individual user, is authorized and encouraged. DA Form 2028 will recompleted in triplicate and forwarded by the individual using this manual. The original and one copy will be forwarded direct to:

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Rock Island, Illinois, 61202

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#### Section II. REPAIR PARTS AND SPECIAL TOOLS

(1)				(2)		(4)	(5)	(6)	(	7)
Source, maintenance, and recoverability code									Illustration	
(a)	(p)	(0)	(d)	Federal	Federal stock Description No.		rated	nce 1-6	(a)	(b)
Materie code	Source	Maintenance level	Recoverability				Quantity incorporated in unit	allowance per 1-6	Figure No.	Item No.
					REPAIR PARTS FOR:					
					Discharge Block and Hydraulic Pressure Gage Groups					
9	С	Ο			BLOCK, DISCHARGE: assy (05083:65-949).	ea	1	*	4	2
9	С	О			BLOCK, SUB, DISCHARGE: assy (05083:65-561).	ea	1	*	4	2F
9	С	О		******	GASKET, GAUGE, VALVE: (05083:65-505).	ea	1	*	4	2G
9	С	О			GASKET, VALVE, DISC HARGE: (05083:65-507).	ea	2	*	4	2A
9	С	0			PACKING, PREFORMED: (O-RING) valve, discharge (05083:65-550).	ea	1	*	4	2D
9 9	C C	0 0			ROD, FILLER: assy (05083:65-803). SEAT, VALVE, DISCHARGE: (05083:	ea ea	1 1	*	4 4	2B 2C
9 9	C C	0		All loads were party were wear after twin term type, less, some	65-358). VALVE, GAUGE: assy (05083:65-553). GAUGE, PRESSURE, HYDRAULIC: (05083:65-534).	ea ea	1 1	*	<b>4</b> 4	2H 1
					The following parts are not authorized for replacement by organizational maintenance.					
					2E <b>-</b> Cap nut assembly (05083:65- 582) 2J - Valve handle (05083:65 <b>-</b> 622)					
					Fuel Reservoir and Body and Plunger Groups					
9	С	O			FUEL RESERVOIR: assy (05083:65-947).	ea	1	*	3	2
9	C	0			COVER, RESERVOIR, FU EL: (05083:65-787).	ea	1	*	3	2J
9 9	C C	0			FILTER, FUEL: (05083:65-788) GASKET, FILTER: (05083:65-761)	ea ea	$\frac{1}{2}$	*	3 3	2D 2C
9	Ċ	Ö		giệt hinh (quyết thinh yang jalan sama kiệpar jalan yang sami sanis, gam	PACKING, PREFORMED: (O-RING) rod, center (05083:65-790).	ea	1	*	3	2H
9 9	C C	0			RESERVOIR, FUEL: (05083:65-786). ROD, CENTER: assy (05083:65-789)	ea ea	1	*	3 3	2B 2G
9	C	0		ng Agu yang king mang gang lang gang alami Mary yang man agga	SEAL, RESERVOIR TO BODY, FUEL: (05083:65-797).	ea	1	*	3	2A
9 9 9	C C C	0 0			SPRING, FILTER: (05083:65-791) WASHER, FILTER: (05083:65-759) HANDLE, PUMP: assy (05083:65-802)	ea ea ea	1 1 1	*	ಣವವ	2F 2E 1B
1		1			The following parts are not authorized for replacement by organizational maintenance.  1 - Plunger and body assembly (05083:65-948).  1A- Plunger and body 3 - Discharge block assembly and hydraulic pressure gage (Note: See Figure 4)					

(1)		(2)		(4)	(5)	(6)	(	7)		
Source, maintenance, and recoverability code									Illustration	
Technical paservice No.	(a) (b) (c) (d)		Federal stock No.	Description		Quantity incorporated in unit	allowance per 100 equipments	Figure No.	Item No.	
		-		REPAIR PARTS FOR — Continued  Fuel Reservoir and Body and Plunger Groups — Continued  4 - Socket head cap screw (05083: 65-508).  SPECIAL TOOLS None authorized. TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT: TOOLS None authorized. EQUIPMENT  Appendix II of this manual contains list of equipment required for operational and organizational maintenance.						

(1)				(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	('	7)
Source, maintenance, and recoverability code									Illusti	ration
į a	(b)	(e)	(d)	Federal			orated	1-6	(a)	(b)
Materia! code	Source	Maintenance level	Recoverabil ty	stock No.			Quantity incorporated in unit	allowance per 1-6 requirements	Figure No	Item No.
					CLEANING, PRESERVING AND PACKAGING MATERIALS					
3				6850-368-5227	ANTISTATIC AND CLEANER COM- POUND: petroleum base, liquid form, colorless, transparent, MIL-C-12156 5 oz can	1	≠			
10 5		***		8135-282-0565 8020-545-8517	Glass Length, Yards Width, Inches 1 200 36 BRUSH, PAINT: fl, hog bristle, w/ sq edge, 1-7/16 w, 9/16 thk, 1-3/4 exposed lg. CLEANING COMPOUND, SOLVENT:	1 1	<i>≢</i> ≠			
9 9				6850-598-3057 6850-224-6661	alkali type, Fed P-C-436a. 35 lb pail 100 lb pail	1	≠ ≠			
9 9				6850-224-6665 6850-224-6666	self-emulsifying MIL-S-11090. 5 gal cntr 55 gal dr	1 1	≠ ≠			
10 10			******	8135-558-0823 8135-183-8815	Feet Inches Thickness 66 20 1.000 99 20 0.500 DESICCANT, ACTIVATED: class 2 MIL-D-3464 Units per Bags per Size of	1 1	<i>≢</i> ≠			
3 3 10				6850-264-6568 6850-264-6573 7930-249-8036	Bag Container Container  1/2 600 5 gal can  2 200 5 gal can  DETERGENT, PAINTED SURFACE: powdered, used for general cleaning, Fed P-C-431a, type I, 5 lb pail DRY CLEANING SOLVENT: liquid form, to remove soil from surfaces in dry cleaning process, petroleum distillate, 140 deg F flast pt, Fed P-S-661, type II.	1 1 1	≠ ≠ ≠			
10 10 10				6850-281-1986 6850-285-8011 6850-637-6135	55 gal dr (16 ga) 55 gal dr (18 ga) bulk ENAMEL: full gloss, 8 hr max air dry hard time, gray color no. 16187, Fed TT-E-489, class A.	1 1 1	≠ ≠ ≠			
5 5 5				8010-298-2300 8010-286-7749 8010-286-7749	1 qt can	1 1 1	≠ ≠ ≠			

1)		(2)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)				
	Source, maintenance, and recover ability code								Illust	ration
(a)	(p)	(c)	ity (p)	Federal stock No.	Description	ø.	orporated	maintenance ince per 1-6 rements	(a)	(p)
Materia! code	Source	Ma <sup>i</sup> ntenance level	Recoverability			Unit of issue	Quantity incorporated in unit	15-Day maintenance allowance per 1-6 requirements	Figure No.	Item No.
10 10 10 10				8135-281-4112 8135-281-4113 8135-281-9067 8135-281-4115	CLEANING, PRESERVING AND PACKAGING MATERIALS—Continued  FIBERBOARD, CORRUGATED: double face, class 3, grade 3 (V3c), Fed PPP-B-636. Length, Inches  84 36 120 36 96 48 96 60	1 1 1	<i>≠</i> ≠ ≠			
10 10 10 10				8135-281-4120 8135-281-4121 8135-281-5105 8135-281-5106	FIBERBOARD, CORRUGATED: double face, class 3, grade 5 (W5c) Fed PPP-B-636. Length, Inches	1 1 1 1	, ≠ ≠ ≠			
10				8135-664-0028	PAPER, WRAPPING, LAMINATED AND CREPED: type I, MIL-B-130. Length, Yards Width, Inches 100 36 PRIMER, COATING: 30 min max air drying time for recoating, Fed	1	<i>≠</i>			
5 5				8010-161-7274 8010-161-7275	TT-P-664.  1 gal can 5 gal can RAG, WIPING: cotton, sterilized, unbleached, white, designed for general purpose use, Fed DDD-R-	1	≠ ≠			
10 10			100 API 601 401	7920-234-8462 7920-205-1711	30, class II. 5 lb bag 50 lb bag REMOVER, PAINT: alkali-organic solvent, nonflammable, liquid, 50 gal in a 55 gal agitator dr, MIL-R-12294.	1	≠ ≠			
9 5 9				8010-283-0511 8010-283-0511 8010-227-1694	5 gal cntr55 gal dr	1 1 1	≠ ≠ ≠			
9				8010-227-1693	400 lb dr.  REMOVER, PAINT: alkali (ferrous mtl) Fed TT-R-230, class I, 400 lb dr.  TAPE, PRESSURE SENSITIVE AD-HESIVE: paper backing, water-resistant, natural, 120 yd roll Fed PPP-T-76  Width, Inches	1	≠			
10 10 5				8135-297-6655 8135-297-6656 8010-242-2089	THINNER, PAINT, MINERAL SPIRITS: 340 deg F to 485 deg F distillation range, Fed TT-T-291a, 1t type thinner, 1 gal can.	1 1 1	≠ ≠ ≠			

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NG: State AG (3). USAR: None.

For explanation of abbreviations used, see AR 320-50.

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